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An impartial View of the Conduct of the Miniſtry, *and of the Conduct of their* Adverſaries.

THE Authors of the *Craftſman* having lately made a *Recapitulation* of the principal Subjects they have treated on for five Years paſt, and placed Things in a wrong Light to *ſerve their own Purpoſe*; we ſhall impartially conſider the *Conduct* of the Miniſtry, and the *Conduct* of theſe Writers, with no other Deſign than to *ſerve the Publick*, and preſerve the People from being miſled by *Prevarication* and *Miſrepreſentation* of Facts.

Truth, when ſtripp'd of all Diſguiſes, will make its Way into an honeſt Heart; we will therefore lay down the Truth concerning Publick Affairs in ſo plain a Manner, that the Subjects of *England* may clearly perceive that the *ſole End* which the Miniſtry always had in View was the Proſperity of the Nation, by *keeping off a War*; and that they took *proper Methods* to effect ſo deſirable an End.

We all remember, that a little before the late King's Death, the Fire which had ſo long lain hid in the Breaſt of the Court of *Spain* broke out and ſhewed itſelf in the *Vienna Treaty*: What induced the Emperor to enter into Meaſures ſo contrary to his *general and laſting* Intereſt, we will not a preſent enquire; but this we may ſay, that his Heart was ſet upon the *Oſtend* Trade, which *we* and the *Dutch* were reſolved he ſhould not carry on; and there might be other Differences of a *leſs national Concern*. This is alſo certain, that the Court of *Spain* ſtrongly inſiſted upon the *Reſtitution* of *Gibraltar* and *Port Mahon*; and a Letter from the *Spaniſh* Secretary was ſent over to Lord *Townſhend*, *demanding* thoſe two Places in Conſequence of Promiſes, as they alledged; and we all know that, by the *Vienna Treaty*, thoſe two Fortreſſes were to be taken from us; and the *Oſtend* Trade, ſo prejudicial to us and our Allies, to be carried on. This was the State of Things, occaſioned by the Union of the Court of *Vienna* and the Court of *Spain*: They were reſolute and determined. What had we then to do but to unite cloſely with *France*, which we did by the *Hanover Treaty*? Such an Union with *France* in any *other Juncture* of Affairs, would have been indeed unnatural, that is, unreaſonable; but the *State of Things*, at that Time, made it *abſolutely neceſſary*, and therefore *wiſe* and *juſt*. After *this Alliance* was made, the *Wiſdom* of the Miniſtry was never more conſpicuous than in *keeping off War*; in order to which we were to *bear* with *Spain*, and *amuſe France*. The *Situation of our* Affairs, occaſioned by the *Vienna Treaty* was ſuch, that 'twas highly reaſonable we ſhould *unite with France*, and yet very unreaſonable that we ſhould *go to War*, while *in Conjunction* with *France*; for every Town the *French* took, and every Conqueſt they made, would have been, in Conſequence, againſt *our own real* Intereſt: This was the *Reaſon*, and a very *good Reaſon* too, why the Court of *England* bore ſome Indignities from the Court of *Spain*; which in any *other Situation* of Affairs would have been reſented in another Manner; but Reaſon it ſelf, at that Time, commanded us to bear ſome Evils from *Spain*, and wink at ſome Irregularities in the *French*; and thus we muſt have ſubmitted on till *a Way* was either *made* or *found* to divide the Emperor and *Spain*, unleſs we had violently thrown ourſelves into War, and involved all *Europe* in Blood and Confuſion; the Conſequences of which to our ſelves, beſides the abſolute Loſs of Trade with *Spain*, while the War laſted, were impoſſible to be known. This Way of *Dividing* the Courts of *Vienna* and *Spain*, was effected by the *Seville Treaty* about two Years ago; but between the making of the *Hanover Treaty* and *that Treaty*, the Court of *England* ſeem'd to have the moſt *difficult* Part to act that could poſſibly happen; *difficult* in itſelf, and the moſt *uneaſy* to the Miniſters; for they could neither make Peace, nor *prudently* go to War: *War* they could not go into; for the Victories of one of our Allies would have been Victories over ourſelves; and *Peace* they could not make till, by an *Alteration* of Circumſtances, Things were diſpoſed for it. 'Tis *ridiculous* to ſay we *brought ourſelves* into thoſe Circumſtances; for they were the *natural Conſequences* of Things out of our Power; and 'tis in vain to ſay that we could have made the *ſame Peace* we have now, ſome Years ago. They who talk at this wild Rate know very little of human Affairs, or of human Nature. There is no *making* Men do, at all Times, as we would have them: We may try, indeed, all Ways we can think of to *change their Sentiments and Inclinations*; but ſtill we muſt wait till that is done. 'Twould have been highly unreaſonable in us to *offer Terms*, when we had all the Reaſon in the World to believe thoſe Terms would be rejected; but it was *right* to endeavour to diſpoſe Things in ſuch a Manner, and bring about *ſuch Events*, that it ſhould be the *Emperor's Intereſt* to comply. The Treaty of *Seville* (by which we obliged the Court of *Spain* in a *favourite Point*, without hurting our ſelves) was *a proper Way* to bring the Emperor, by Degrees, to enter in the *old natural* Alliance, and ſo put an End to all thoſe Evils in which we had been involved during that perplexed and unnatural State of Affairs; for by Virtue of *this* Treaty, he found all the *great Powers* of *Europe* againſt him; and though he might have Reaſon to apprehend that we did not care to go to War *in that Situation*, yet he found himſelf broke with *Spain*, from whence he uſed to receive large Remittances, and put to the Trouble and Charge of ſending his Troops about the World, when he could get nothing by it: This threw the Imperial Court upon thinking and acting right at laſt; right for it ſelf, and right for us.

Thus have the preſent Miniſtry, by bearing for a Time with the *Spaniſh* Depredations (the only *real Evil* we have felt) compaſſed that *by Wiſdom*, which might have coſt ten Times more Money, beſides the Blood of Thouſands, to have brought about *by Power*; if we had been ſucceſsful in War, and all things had happened to our Wiſhes. They have, by a little Patience and cool prudent Management, brought us to *that Point of Felicity*, which every *Engliſhman* wiſhes for; and we are *now* in a Situation and Circumſtance moſt beneficial to our Trade, and the beſt adapted to *prevent Injuries* from a neighbouring Power, whenever it ſhall think fit to offer them.

For this happy Situation we ſtand highly obliged to the *Conduct* of the Miniſtry; and yet, ſee how they have been uſed! Their *Wiſdom* has been called *Cowardice*; all our *Alliances*, *Negotiations* and *Treaties* (though *juſtly* calculated to PREVENT WAR, and preſerve our Trade) have been repreſented as *Blunders upon Blunders*: The *Court* of *England* hath, by the *Subjects* of *England*, been charged in Print with an *Infraction of all Treaties*, *Violation of Faith*, *and Perfidy to its Allies*; without the leaſt Shadow of a Proof to ſupport ſo infamous a Charge, and againſt *terrible Demonſtration* to the contrary.

The very Place, *Gibraltar* (the *preſerving* of which was the *grand Reaſon* of all our Difficulties with relation to *Spain*) hath been thrown in the Teeth of the Miniſtry; and they have been charged with *Deſigns to give it up*; tho', would they have *given it up*, we might have made *our own Terms* with *Spain*, and felt none of thoſe Evils, by Depredations, which have been ſo *loudly* complained of.

Dunkirk has been another Topick of Complaint; when *the Complainers* knew, that the *Alterations* made in that Harbour were entirely owing to the *ungenerous Advantages* which a Tricking Nation took of the Neceſſity we *then* ſtood under of an Alliance with them: But that Time, God be thanked, is over; and we are now at Liberty to *prevent Incroachments*, to keep that Nation within its juſt Bounds, and do our ſelves Juſtice.

But not only *our Foreign Affairs* have been thus *ſcandalouſly* traduced; the Government hath been charged with Deſigns to overturn the Conſtitution, and ſubvert the Liberties of the Nation: This was almoſt the *ſole Intention* of *Oldcaſtle's* Papers; and yet our *Liberties* were never more *ſecure*, nor our *Conſtitution* more ſound at Heart.

The *Liberty of the Preſs* has been continually ſounded in our Ears, to make the *People believe* there were *dark Deſigns* carrying on to take it away; tho' the Spreaders of theſe vile Inſinuations knew there never were any ſuch Deſigns.

"All the Changes have been rung upon *Bribery* "*and Corruption*; and all the popular Heads of "Exclamation, (ſuch as Debts, Taxes, Sinking Fund, &c.) have been thrown among "the People. Bad Miniſters of all Ages and "Countries brought upon the Stage; the crooked Arts of ſome, and the Blunders of others; "their pernicious Schemes of aggrandizing themſelves on the Spoils of their Country, and ſacrificing the Welfare of *a whole Nation* to their "*own private Intereſt*; the Methods of Corrupting the People *with their own Money*, and making THE PRINCE HIMSELF *ſubſervient to their Deſigns*, have been all heap'd together, "and thrown, as a heavy Load upon the Backs "of the preſent Miniſtry; tho, notwithſtanding "all theſe dreadful Inſinuations, their Enemies "have not been able to prove *one Action* of theirs "which hath tended to *Iſſue the Liberties* of the "People; or, wherein *the Nation* hath been "ſacrificed to *private Intereſts*; or, any thing "done in Prejudice to the *Rights and Privileges* "of the Subject.

Thus have we *fairly* laid before the People the *Conduct* of the Miniſtry, and the *Conduct* of their Adverſaries; and ſhall leave them to judge of the Truth of what is affirmed in their *late Panegyrick* on themſelves, when they lay their Hands upon their Heart, and ſay with Mr. *D'Anvers*, "That their Deſign is not only *honeſt*, but *great* "*and laudable*, and calculated for the *Service of* "*their Country*; when it manifeſtly appears, That their whole Conduct hath been to *diſſerve their Country*; and render it *contemptible* Abroad, and *odious* at Home; on purpoſe to *diſtreſs* the Miniſtry, and procure a Change of Hands. But, ſee how they are deceived! The Miniſtry, notwithſtanding all their Efforts, ſtand firm as a Rock: They have wrote *them* into Credit, and *themſelves* out of Credit; they have lived to *feel* themſelves *deſerted* by their Friends, *deſpiſed* by their Enemies, and their *Paper* reduced to half the Number they uſed to ſell.

F. OSBORNE.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Cadiz, Nov. 20.

THE Diſtribution of the Money of the Flotilla and *Azogues* Ships is now finiſhed. The Men of War which are to be ſent to Porto Bello, and ſome other Ports of the Weſt Indies, have received Orders to fail the beginning of next Month. We are now fitting out ſome other Men of War; but with what Deſign is not known.

Paris, Dec. 19. The 29th paſt, the Day when the Infante Don Carlos entered Languedoc, that Prince ſtood Godfather to the Daughter of which M. Fitou's Lady was juſt brought to Bed, and named her Charlotte. He gave the Child 3000 Livres, and the Prieſt who baptized her 1000 Livres.

The Infante Don Carlos is treated as Royal Highneſs, that Title being given him by their Catholick Majeſties before his Departure from Seville.

The Duke de St. Aignan, who ſet our from Coitad the 25th of laſt Month, was obliged by the Badneſs of the Weather, to tarry at Antibes till the 1ſt Inſtant, when his Excellency proceeded for Rome.

On the 11th, the Weather was ſo wet, that the King did not go out, but gave Audience to the Foreign Miniſters, and afterwards held a Council of Finances.

The

[Price Two-Pence.]

Gibraltar, Nov. 5. Only three Engliſh Men of War and nine Merchant Ships now remain in our Bay. Our laſt Letters from Barbary brought no manner of News. The Reaſon is, becauſe all is at preſent very quiet in that Kingdom.

Edinburgh, Dec. 6. Laſt Saturday died John Siverright, of Plewlands, Merchant in Edinburgh; 'tis ſaid, he has left behind him an Eſtate upwards of 20,000 l. Sterling; he was remarkable for his narrow way of Living, conſidering his opulent Fortune.

This Morning died the Right Hon. Margaret Counteſs of Panmure, Daughter to William and Anne Duke and Dutcheſs of Hamilton, and Wife to the deceaſed James Earl of Panmure, to the great Grief of her noble Relations, and the univerſal Regret of all who had the Happineſs of Honour of her Acquaintance.

Northampton, Dec. 13. On Monday laſt the Rev. Mr. Aaron Lowcock, Vicar of Wellingborough in this County, was choſen Vicar of All Saints Pariſh in this Town, in the room of the late Rev. Mr. Benjamin King, deceaſed.

Yeſterday Morning was committed to our Goal one John Wicks, on Suſpicion of breaking open the Houſe of William Roberts of Guilsborough; and alſo for ſtealing a Horſe, with a Bridle and Saddle, belonging to Francis Richardſon of Guilſborough, aforeſaid.

Portſmouth, Dec. 14. On Sunday laſt in the Morning arrived his Majeſty's Ship Canterbury, Capt. Hook from Gibraltar, and the next Morning came into Spithead. The ſame Day, about Three in the Afternoon, Gunner Harris of Block-houſe Fort, Anthony Brown, third Son of Mr. James Brown a Smith, and Robert Mitchener, a Servant of Mr. Samuel Shepherd a Bricklayer, both of Portſmouth, and a Servant of Mr. John Burges, a Watchmaker at Goſport, as they were coming from the Princeſs Amelia at Spithead, the Boat they were in overſet, and all that were therein were drowned: This ſad Misfortune happen'd within 200 Yards of the Amelia, occaſion'd by a very hard Squall of Wind, which rendered all Aſſiſtance impracticable. And about Six the ſame Evening arrived the Kent, Capt. O Bryan, from Gibraltar.

This Morning at Half an Hour paſt Ten Sir Charles Wager, Knt. ſet out from this Town for London, in a Coach and Six.

LONDON.

Extract of a Letter from an Alderman in Hull *to his Friend in* London, *dated* Dec. 11, 1731.

SIR,

IN Anſwer to your's, I muſt acquaint you, that our Subſcription for erecting a Statue of the late King William, goes on with the greateſt Succeſs, almoſt every body coming readily into it; and you will no longer wonder at it, when I tell you there are a great many of us in this Town yet living, who both ſaw and felt the Terrors of Arbitrary Power, while our Fellow Subjects, I find, only heard of them at a Diſtance, and perhaps will now ſcarce believe, when I tell them, that our Charter was taken from us, a Popiſh Judge came upon our Circuit, our Magiſtrates were threatened and diſplaced, and our Civil Power in a manner wholly diſpenſed with. It was then our Town and Citadel were filled with Soldiers, a great many of their Officers being Papiſts, and all under the Command of a Popiſh Governor; by whoſe Order the Cannon of the Citadel was turned upon, and pointed at the Town, ready to be diſcharged at us on the firſt Signal.

Maſs-Houſes were ſet up in our Town, and publickly reſorted to; ſeveral of our principal Inhabitants were taken out of their Houſes, and impriſon'd, and no Reaſon given, but that it was the Governor's Order; and Mr. George Mawſon, a Capital Burgeſs of our Town, was ſeized and dragged out of his Houſe, carried to the Guard-Room, and tied Neck and Heels ſo long, that his Blood guſh'd out at his Month and Ears, of which he afterwards languiſhed and died.

Soldiers were quarter'd upon private Families, a thing never practiſed in our Town before or ſince that Time. Thus our Houſes were made Barracks; and when I tell you our Gueſts were bid by their Officers to make good their Quarters, as they call it, I need not ſay what Impudence, what Rudeneſs, what Inſolence, our Wives and our Children were continually expoſed to, and we our ſelves inſulted, and daily threatned to be murdered.

It was in vain to apply to their Officers for Relief, for if at any time we complained to the moſt compaſſionate of them, the Anſwer was, they muſt obey Order. The King will have it ſo.

This was our Caſe, theſe our unhappy Circumſtances; thus were we diſtreſſed in the Year 1688, when the late Glorious King William came to our Reſcue, and deliver'd us.

Sir, If then to be ſaved from great and imminent Danger, to be reſtored to our juſt Rights; if to be protected in the quiet Enjoyment of our lawful Poſſeſſions, may be called a Benefaction; if Liberty is more eligible than Slavery, and the Church of England to be preferred to the Church of Rome; What do we not owe to that great Man, who not only at that Time ſaved us, but alſo afterwards fix'd our Happineſs upon the moſt ſtrong and beſt Foundation? For it is not to him we owe his preſent Majeſty King George II. a Prince whoſe greateſt Glory is to be the Head of a Free People, and whoſe every Action ſhews he only uſes Power for the Good and Welfare of all who have the Happineſs to be his Subjects.

Ceaſe then, Sir, your Wonder at our grateful Remembrance of the Great and Good King William; and wonder, with us, that our Brother Subjects of London ſhould reject a Petition for Leave to erect (on a little Spot of waſte Ground in their City) a Statue of their and our ſo great Benefactor.

They write from Paris, Dec. 10, N. S. That on the 28th of Nov. the Firſt Preſident opened the Seſſion, when he told them, 'That they muſt 'read the King's ſecond Letter *de cachet*;' at firſt it was refuſed, as the former Letter had been, the Aſſembly inſiſting to know what was done as to the eraſing of the Arret of Sept. 7, but afterwards it was read, and was almoſt the ſame with that which the Parliament received upon the Day of their Meeting after the Vacation, only a few Words being altered. Thereupon it was reſolved by a Majority of Votes, That the Parliamen ſhould go and complain to the King *in a Body*, and proſtrate themſelves at his Feet. The Firſt Preſident and the Preſident Pelletier did all they could to prevent this Reſolution's taking place; but the Majority did not ſtick to ſay, 'That the 'Parliament ought not to ſuffer themſelves to be 'led by the Noſe any longer: That their Deputies made what Reports they pleaſed; and, 'That it was all a Cheat.' They ſet out therefore, the ſame Afternoon about Two o' Clock, in 58 Coaches and Chaiſes for Marli, where they arrived at Four o'Clock, and were all conducted into the *Salon de la querre*, or Hall of War. They deſired the Duke de Treſmes, who was in Waiting as Firſt Gentleman of the King's Bed Chamber to tell the King, his Parliament was come thither, humbly to make their Complaints to him. The Duke having delivered this Meſſage, he immediately came back to them, and told them, it was with a great deal of Concern that he was obliged to acquaint them, that the King was abſolutely determined not to ſee them or hear them. However, they would not take this for a Repulſe; but intreated the Duke to uſe his Intereſt with the King to get them an Audience: Thereupon he return'd to his Majeſty, but ſoon brought them this thundering Meſſage, 'That his Maje'ſty commanded them to depart immediately, 'upon pain of his Diſpleaſure." As they were going to their Coaches, the Cardinal de Fleury return'd from his Seat at Iſſy, and ſeemed under ſome Surprize to ſee the whole Parliament at Marli. His Eminency talked with the Firſt Preſident about half a Quarter of an Hour, and aſſured him that he had a very great Regard and Eſteem for the Gentlemen of the Parliament. The Abbot de Pucelle anſwered him with ſome hard Words; to which his Eminency made no Reply, but went in and left them.

On Thurſday at Noon, the Right Honourable Sir Charles Wager arrived in Town at the Admiralty Office; where, after a ſhort Stay, he ſet out for his Houſe at Parſon's Green, and Yeſterday waited on his Majeſty at St. James's. There are alſo arrived with Sir Charles two Ambaſſadors from the Court of the Emperor of Morocco, who have taken up their Reſidence at a Houſe taken for them in Suffolk Street.

At the Court at St. Jame
cember, 1731.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Counc

Sheriffs appointed by his Majeſty in Council for enſuing Year, viz.

Berks,	Arthur Vancittart, Eſq;
Bedford,	George Blundell, Eſq;
Bucks,	Benjamin Woodnorth, *of* Thor brough, Eſq;
Cumberland,	Auguſtine Erle, Eſq;
Cheſter,	William Brock, *of* Upton, Eſ
Cantab. & Hunt.	Walter Serecole, *of* Cherry Hi ton, Eſq;
Devon,	Poſtponed.
Dorſet,	Will. Mills, *of* Mearehay, Eſq
Derby,	Poſtponed.
Ebor'	*Sir* Rowland Wynne, *Bart.*
Eſſex,	Edward Holloway, *of* Wa thamſtow, Eſq;
Glouceſter,	Sylvanus Lyſons, Eſq;
Hertford,	Poſtponed.
Hereford,	John Cox, Eſq;
Kent,	William James, *of* Igtham, Eſq;
Leiceſter,	William Bainbridge, Eſq;
Lincoln,	Poſtponed.
Monmouth,	Edmund Bradbury, Eſq;
Northumberland,	Walter Blackett *alias* Calverly, Eſq;
Northampton,	William Lovedav, Eſq;
Norfolk,	John Willſon, *of* Stannoe, Eſq;
Nottingham,	John Neal, Eſq;
Oxon,	Poſtponed.
Rutland,	Lyceſter Baroden, Eſq;
Salop,	*Sir* Rowland Hill, *Bart.*
Somerſet,	Poſtponed.
Stafford,	Ralph Williampſon, Eſq;
Suffolk,	George Daſhwood, *of* Haver ham, Eſq;
Southampton,	Rich. Haſſel, *of* Peterſfield, Eſq
Surry,	Joſhua Smith, *of* Batterſea, Eſq
Suſſex,	Geo. Naldrett, *of* Naldrett, Eſq
Warwick,	Thomas Price, Eſq;
Worceſter,	Iſaac John Amplet, Eſq;
Wilts.	John Smith, *of* Whitley, Eſq;
	South Wales.
Brecon,	William Scourfield.
Carmarthen,	Thomas Morgan, *of* Lanerch bledry, Eſq;
Cardigan,	John Price, *of* Blaenduffryn, Eſq
Glamorgan,	Reynold Deer, *of* Eſq;
Pembroke,	John Symmonds, *of* Lanſtian, Eſq;
Radner,	Thomas Holland, *of* Burrig ton, Eſq;
	North Wales.
Angleſea,	Rob. Hampton, *of* Henllys, Eſq
Carnarv on ſ.	Will. Price, *of* Penmorva, Eſq;
Denbigh,	Robert Ellice, Eſq;
Flint,	Robert Price, *of* Kilken, Eſq;
Merioneth,	Edw. Lloyd, *of* Gwercias, Eſq;
Montgomery,	John Lloyd, *of* Trowſcoed, Eſq;

On Monday Night two young Ladies and a Gentleman were ſtopt in High Holbourn, by two Street Robbers (as they were returning from the Playhouſe in a Hackney-Coach) who rifled them of their Money and Rings.

It is written from Boſton in New England the 12th of Nov. that by the Cambridge, Captain Crocker, which arrived there the 6th in 11 Weeks from London, Governor Belcher received Permiſſion to accept from the Aſſembly of that Province the Sum of 5400 l. that Currency (about 1800 l. Sterling) being agreeable to what they offer'd him for his Support to May next; but that Conceſſion is not to be made a Precedent, for after that time he is to inſiſt on their complying with his Majeſty's Inſtruction for fixing a certain Salary on him during the Time of his continuing their Governor.

The John, Capt. Tyſon is arrived in the Downs in about 12 Days from Oporto; where an Expreſs was arrived, with News of the Fleet from Rio de Janeiro in Brazil, being arrived at Lisbon.

The Beginning of next Week, the new born Daughter of the Right Hon. Horatio Walpole, Eſq; Cofferer to his Majeſty, will be baptized at his Houſe near the Cockpit, Whitehall.

We hear that Capt. Brown of Col. Cope's Regiment of Foot at Jamaica, is appointed to ſucceed Major Bowen of the ſaid Regiment deceaſ'd.

Monday Night laſt, the Wind was ſo high, that it blew down the Top of a Houſe into the Second Floor near St. Anne's Court, Soho, by St. Anne's Church,

Church; but the People living therein, being warned by the falling of ſome Part of the Chimneys, they got up, and ſaved their Lives

Tueſday about Noon a Man driving a Cart fill'd with Lime through Carter-Lane, Doctors Commons, got up and ſate upon the Shafts, but being in Liquor he ſoon fell down, and the Wheel of the Cart going over his Head, he dy'd in about a Quarter of an Hour after.

The three following Ships in the Service of the Hon. Eaſt India Company, who are now in the Dock at Deptford, are ordered to be fitted out with the utmoſt Expedition, being all ordered to be in the Downs by the 4th of January next, viz. The Duke of Lorrain, Capt. Wilſon, the Bedford, Capt. Wells, and the Prince of Orange, Capt. Hudſon, all bound for the Coaſt and Bay.

We hear that the Regiments of Foot commanded by the Lord Ty awley, Major General Kirk, and Colonel Clayton, which ſhould have imbarked on board Sir Charles Wager's Fleet, for England, are ordered to embark on board the firſt of his Majeſty's Ships that ſhall arrive at Gibraltar and Port Mahone.

On Wedneſday one Tomplins was committed to the Gatehouſe, Weſtminſter, being charged on the Oath of two Perſons, of having committed a Robbery in Cheſſea Fields, on the 17th of the laſt Month.

Thurſday Morning one Addiſon a Barber, William Whitworth a Glaſsman, and a Blackſmith in Ridley-Yard at Lambeth, were carried to New Priſon by Juſtice Theobold, being charged with breaking open the Houſe of Mr. More in Three-Coney Walk near Lambeth on Monday Night laſt.

The Right Honourable the Earl of Albemarle has reſign'd his Company of Grenadiers in the Second Regiment of Foot Guards, upon his being promoted to be Col. of the Regiment of Foot lately commanded by Col. Diſney, deceaſed.

His Majeſty's Yatch the Fubb's, Capt. Collier, which carried over his Serene Highneſs the Duke of Lorrain to Holland, is ordered to attend the Earl of Cheſterfield, and to bring him over to England, his Lordſhip being expected on this Side of Chriſtmas.

We hear that the latter End of next Month, the Right Hon. the Lord Glenorchy will be ſent Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Great Britain, to the Empreſs of Ruſſia.

Laſt Tueſday Night a Man was committed to Newgate, charged on Oath with robbing two Women in Cheapſide of their Pockets and 19 s.

Laſt Week the Rev. Mr. Mills, Vicar of Hillingdon near Uxbridge, was married there to Miſs Ruſſel, Daughter of the Hon Major General Ruſſel, a Lady of great Merit, and a conſiderable Fortune.

We hear the Duke of Lorrain preſented Capt. Collier, of the Fubbs Yacht, with a Bank Bill for 100 l. when he landed his Highneſs in Holland.

The Beginning of next Week his Majeſty's Ship Squirrel will be paid off at Woolwick

On Monday Night about Nine o'Clock the Seſſions ended at the Old Baily when the Eleven following Perſons received Sentence of Death, viz. James Dorman, for robbing Henry Barnwell in the Street of 13 s. and a Silver Medal; Patrick Knowland for Burglary; William Trevors and Robert Knowland, for breaking open the Houſe of Mr. Gibſon, a Beadle of St. Andrew's Holbourn, and ſtealing thence ſeveral Goods; Samuel Cole and Edward Paine, a Carcaſs Butcher, for robbing one Mr. Brown in a Hackney Coach in Smithfield, of his Watch and 18 s. in Money; George Maſon, for robbing a Perſon in the Street of a Bermudas Hat, &c. William Newell, for ſtealing a Lining of a Gown, Value 20 s. out of the Shop of Mary Cooke; John Norman and John Rogers, for a Street Robbery; and, Thomas Woolcot, for robbing one James Duffield in Well-Cloſe Square.

Two were burnt in the Hand, and Thirty-nine order'd for Tranſportation. Mordecai Jacob Devries, for forging a Bill of Exchange for 450 l. was ſentenced to ſtand in the Pillory before the Royal Exchange, fined 200 l. one Year's Impriſonment, and to find Security for his good Behaviour for two Years more.

Mr. Sharp, an Upholſter, ſucceeds Mr. Overs, deceas'd, as Beadle of St. Bride's, a Place worth 100 l. per Annum.

Mr. Samuel Hughes ſucceeds Mr. Hinman, deceaſed, as Deputy Comptroller in the Exciſe Office, a Place worth 100 l. per Annum.

His Grace the Duke of Norfolk having, with his Majeſty's Approbation, appointed the Right Hon. Francis Earl Howard of Effingham, to be Deputy Earl Marſhal of England, a Patent is preparing accordingly; and a Warrant has been directed by his Majeſty to the Jewel Office, for a Gold Staff to be made and delivered to his Lordſhip.

On Tueſday in the Afternoon, ſeveral Peers of Scotland were at the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor's, and delivered to his Lordſhip their ſeveral Proxies for electing a new Peer to ſit in Parliament, in the room of the Right Hon. the Earl of Lou oun, deceaſed.

Eccleſiaſtical Promotions. A few Days ſince the Rev. Mr. Hall, A. M. was inducted into the Rectory of S. Clement's in Port of Haſtings, in the County of Suſſex and the Diocеſe of Chicheſter. ——The Rev. Dr. Claggett, Dean of Rocheſter, is appointed Biſhop of St. David's.——Tueſday the Rev. Dr. Watkinſon was choſen Lecturer of St. Peter's and St. Bennet Paul's Wharf.—Laſt Week the Rev. Mr. Coppin was appointed, by his Grace the Duke of Montagu, Morning Preacher of St. John's Chapel in Great James-ſtreet near Red Lyon ſtreet.

Deaths. Sunday Evening died, at his Houſe at Wandſworth in Surrey, Edward Staples, Eſq; Clerk of the Hon. Houſe of Commons.—Sunday died at Gulford, in the County of Surrey, Thomas Horner Gape, Eſq;

NEW ENGLAND.

New York, Nov 1, From Back Creek in Maryland we hear, that on Tueſday laſt, a large Ship being to be launched, they feared ſhe would go aground on the other Side of the Creek, which is narrow, and to prevent it, they made faſt one End of her Cable to a Tree on the Bank-ſide; but in going off, the Cable ſlackening by Misfortune, got under Part of the Bilgeway, and tearing up a Piece of near 40 Foot long, ſwung it round with prodigious Violence among the Croud of Spectators: One Man was killed out-right, another died in about an Hour; two more lie very dangerouſly wounded, an old Man was ſomehow hitched near the End of the Piece, and hoiſted almoſt the Height of it into the Air, and fell into a Hollow by the Bank, without receiving ſo much Hurt as was expected; but there are in all ſeven or eight very much hurt: There were many Women in the Croud, but it happened that none of them received any Damage; and excepting this Accident, the Ship had a very fine Launch.

Chriſtned Males 160. Females 177. In all 347
Buried Males 228. Females 252. In all 480
Decreaſed in the Burials this Week 38.

Prices of Goods at Bear Key.

per Quarter.		per Quarter.	
Wheat —	18 to 24	Hog Peaſe	18 to 22
Rye — —	12 to 13 6	Peaſe —	26 to 30
Barley —	15 to 19	Pale Malt	17 to 25
Oates —	10 to 14 6	Brown Malt	16 to 21
Horſe Beans	18 to 25	Tares —	18 to 25

Coals 25 s. to 26 s. per Chaldron.
Hops 1730 — 5 l. to 6 l. 10 s. per Hundred.
Hops 1731—7 l. to 8 l. 10 s. per Hundred.
Rape Seed 11 l. to 12 l. per Laſt.

Thurſday South Sea Stock was 104. South Sea Annuity 109 5 8ths Bank 149 1 half. New Bank Circulation 5 l. 5 s. Prem. India 182. Three per Cent Annuity 96 3 qrs. Royal Exchange Aſſurance 100. London Aſſurance 13. York Buildings 12 1 half. African 45. Engliſh Copper 21 15 s. Welch Copper 21. 2 s. South Sea Bonds 6 l. 15 s. Prem. India ditto 6 l. 15 s. Blanks 7 l. 4 s. 20 l. Prizes 19 l 4 s.

WHereas ſeveral Veins of Lead, Iron, Coal, Copper, and Copperas-Stone, have been diſcover'd in the Lordſhip of Millom in the County of Cumberland, which (in the Opinion of ſeveral experienced Miners who have viewed the ſame) if work'd, would turn to good Account. If therefore any Perſons are inclinable to take a Leaſe of the ſaid Mines, they may apply to WILDIAM HUDLESTON, Eſq; of Millom-Caſtle, Lord of the Manor, who will treat with them about the ſame. And the ſaid Mr. Hudleſton has two Manors in Yorkſhire, called Cotherſtone and Hunderthwaite, near Barnard-Caſtle, where there's a good Vein of Lead Oar, which his Steward Mr. Lonſdale, an Attorney in Barnard-Caſtle, has Orders to Lett upon reaſonable Terms.

The Publick General CORRESPONDENCE *of Affairs for* Improving *Money Trade and Eſtates.*

A very large Sum of Money is wanted, on transferring an OLD MORTGAGE, the Security is unexceptionable and full; and it is a great Sum, and ſhould be paid in a ſhort Time, good Intereſt will be allow'd for the Money; although there are ſeveral leſſer Sums now ready to be lent on Mortgages at low Intereſt.

A Perſon wants to diſpoſe of his PLACE or OFFICE, which is abroad; or to exchange the ſame for one at home, from 80 to 150 l. a Year, or thereabouts.

Several Sums of Money are intended to be laid out in purchaſing Eſtates DURING LIFE of the Seller, or in REVERSION

The Letter ſigned J. O dated the 2d of December 1731. was received in due Time, and now there is a Perſon wants to buy ſuch a Place or Office.

ESTATES *which ſome Perſons want to* BUY.

A Farm from 60 to 100 l. a Year, or thereabouts. —— A Houſe of 3 or 4 Rooms on a Floor, with ſome Land, between 10 and 20 Miles, or thereabouts, from London. —— A handſome Houſe of 2 or 3 Rooms on a Floor not far from Lincolns-Inn. —— And ſeveral Perſons want to Buy, and ſome to Hire other Eſtates.

ESTATES *which ſome Perſons want to* SELL.

Some Paſture Land near London of about 500 l. Value. — A fine Seat, and good Eſtate in Land, or Part thereof —— And there are ſeveral good Houſes in or near Hanover-Square and Bond-ſtreet, to be Sold or Lett. — And ſeveral Perſons want to Sell, and ſome to Lett other Eſtates

THE *Particulars will be given by Mr. Thomas Rogers, Agent for Perſons who want any ſuch Buſineſs to be done. He Anſwers Letters* Poſt Paid, *and Advertiſes if deſired, not otherwiſe*; all at his own Charges *if not Succeſsful.*

He gives Attendance *as undermention'd*

Daily (*except Saturdays*) *about One and Six o'Clock at the Rainbow Coffee houſe near the Gates of the* TEMPLE, *at* 12 ♐ *Tueſdays, Tom's Coffeehouſe by the* EXCHANGE *o'Clock* ♑ *Thurſdays, Will's Coffeehouſe near* WHITEHALL

And on ſending for he will go to Perſons near.

WHereas *Charles Jones*, a noted Gameſter and Stage-Player in *Bath*, did, on Sunday the laſt Day of *October*, about the Hour of Eleven o' Clock in the Forenoon, *murder* my Son *Baſil Arden Priſe*, in *Bath*, and is thereupon fled from Juſtice: Theſe are therefore to inform all Perſons whatſoever who ſhall be aiding and aſſiſting in the Diſcovery and Apprehending of the ſaid *Charles Jones*, to as he may be committed to ſafe Cuſtody, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall recieve from me at my Houſe, or by my Order, at Wiſteſton near Hereford, or from Mr. *Thomas Hayton*, in Leeſtreet, near Red-Lyon-Square, London, the Sum of FIFTY POUNDS

JOHN PRISE.

Dated this 8th of Nov. 1731.

N. B. There is very great Reaſon to believe that the aforeſaid *Charles Jones* was hired to deſtroy my Son, becauſe, immediately after the *Coroner's Inqueſt* had brought in their Verdict, WILFUL MURDER, there was a Gathering to the Sum of about Twelve Guineas for him the ſaid *Charles Jones*, the better to enable him to make his Eſcape, which, 'tis ſaid, was done in a CLERGYMAN's HABIT.

This Day is publiſhed,
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Prælectiones Pharmaco mathicæ, & Medico Practicæ: Or, LECTURES on the RATIONALE of MEDICINES. Containing all that is neceſſary for knowing the Virtues of Drugs already diſcover'd, or that may hereafter be found out. In which are inſerted all Simple and Compound Medicines, now in Uſe, and their Operations clearly ſtated. Read to Pupils, and communicated to the Publick for the Uſe of Young Practitioners. By EDWARD STROTHER, M. D. Coll. Chriſt. Cantab. & Coll. Med. Lond. Reg. Colleg.

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